

# xConf. Documentation

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This is the doc file xConfDoc.nb of version 0.0.1 of xAct/xConf. Last update on 04 April 2025.

## Preamble

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### Intro

xAct`xConf` is a Mathematica Package which provides tools to compute formally the conformal transformations.

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### Loading the package

Loading the package is straightforward once it has been appropriately installed:

You just have to evaluate: '<< xAct`xConf.m;'

This loads all the definitions, but does not start any computation.

We can also check how much memory space it takes to store all the definitions, and the time it takes to load them

```

In[1]:=
MemBefore = MemoryInUse[];
Needs["xAct`xConf`"]; // Timing // First

-----

Package xAct`xPerm` version 1.2.3, {2015, 8, 23}

Copyright (C) 2003-2020, Jose M.
    Martin-Garcia, under the General Public License.
Connecting to external mac executable...
Connection established.

-----

Package xAct`xTensor` version 1.2.0, {2021, 10, 17}

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Package xAct`xConf` version 0.0.1, {2025, 4, 4}

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These packages come with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type
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** Variable $PrePrint assigned value ScreenDollarIndices
** Option AllowUpperDerivatives of ContractMetric changed from False to True
** Option UseMetricOnVBundle of ToCanonical changed from All to None

Out[2]=
0.248054

In[3]:=
MemoryInUse[] - MemBefore

Out[3]=
15 164 752

```

---

## GPL

```
In[4]:= Disclaimer[]
```

These are points 11 and 12 of the General Public License:

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# Overview

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## Defining Manifold and fields

We define a Manifold and a base metric  $g$

In[5]:=

```

DefManifold[M, 4, {α, β, γ, μ, ν, λ, σ}]
DefMetric[-1, g[-α, -β], CD, {"", "∇"}, PrintAs → "g"];
** DefManifold: Defining manifold M.
** DefVBundle: Defining vbundle TangentM.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric metric tensor g[-α, -β].
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric tensor epsilong[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric Tetrag[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric Tetrag†[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefCovD: Defining covariant derivative CD[-α].
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor TorsionCD[α, -β, -γ].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Christoffel tensor ChristoffelCD[α, -β, -γ].
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor RiemannCD[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Ricci tensor RicciCD[-α, -β].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Riemann automatically replaced by Ricci.
** DefTensor: Defining Ricci scalar RicciScalarCD[.].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Ricci automatically replaced by RicciScalar.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Einstein tensor EinsteinCD[-α, -β].
** DefTensor: Defining Weyl tensor WeyLCD[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric TFRicci tensor TFRicciCD[-α, -β].
** DefTensor: Defining Kretschmann scalar KretschmannCD[.].
** DefCovD: Computing RiemannToWeylRules for dim 4
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToTFRicci for dim 4
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToEinsteinRules for dim 4
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density Detg[.]. Determinant.

```

We define a few tensors on that manifold

In[7]:=

```

DefTensor[k[-α], {M}, PrintAs → "k"]
DefTensor[MT2[-α, -β], {M}, PrintAs → "M"]
** DefTensor: Defining tensor k[-α].
** DefTensor: Defining tensor MT2[-α, -β].

```

## Conformal Weights of tensors

Each tensor has a default conformal weight

In[9]:= **? ConformalWeight**

Out[9]=

### Symbol

**ConformalWeight**[**tensor**[**inds**]] specifies the power of the conformal factor applied in the conformal transformation of the tensor 'tensor'. It corresponds to the number of down indices, minus the number of up indices, plus the quantity **ConformalWeight**[**tensor**] (without the indices). The latter is set by default to zero.

For instance, with the setting **ConformalWeight**[**tensor**] = 0, we have: **ConformalWeight**[**tensor**[  $\alpha, \beta$ ]] = -2, and **ConformalWeight**[**tensor**[-  $\alpha, -\beta$ ]] = 2.

In[10]:= **ConformalWeight**[**k**]  
**ConformalWeight**[**MT2**]

Out[10]=  
0

Out[11]=  
0

It can be modified

In[12]:= **ConformalWeight**[**k**] = -1;  
**ConformalWeight**[**k**]

Out[13]=  
-1

The weight of the tensor with indices then depends on the positioning of indices

```
In[14]:=
ConformalWeight[k[-μ]]
ConformalWeight[k[μ]]
ConformalWeight[MT2[-α, -β]]
ConformalWeight[MT2[α, β]]
ConformalWeight[MT2[α, -β]]
```

```
Out[14]=
0
```

```
Out[15]=
-2
```

```
Out[16]=
2
```

```
Out[17]=
-2
```

```
Out[18]=
0
```

### Conformally related metrics

We can define metrics which are conformally related to previous metrics

```
In[19]:=
? DefConformalMetric
```

```
Out[19]=
```

#### Symbol

DefConformalMetric[g,S] defines a metric conformally related to 'g', with the conformal factor 'S'. If other metrics are conformally related to 'g', then 'gS2' is related to them by transitivity of the conformal transformation. If the scalar field S[] does not exist, it is defined.

Options are PrintAs->printasform,

ConformalMetricName->MetricName, FrameColor->somecolor and SymbolOfCovD->{postfixsymbol,prefixsymbol}. If no

ConformalMetricName is provided the name chosen is the concatenation 'metric+conformalfactor+2'. If no color is

provided, it chooses randomly a color. If no SymbolOfCovD

is provided, the combination {;,  $\nabla$ metricname} is chosen.

```
In[20]:=
DefConformalMetric[g, S, PrintAs -> "gS2",
ConformalMetricName -> gS2, FrameColor -> Red]
DefConformalMetric[g, s, FrameColor -> Blue]
```

Choosing color ■ for this conformal frame.

```

** DefTensor: Defining tensor S[.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric metric tensor gS2[-σ$8221, -σ$8222].
** DefTensor: Defining inverse metric tensor
  Invgs2[σ$8221, σ$8222]. Metric is frozen!
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric tensor epsilongs2[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric TetragS2[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric TetragS2†[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefCovD: Defining covariant derivative CDgS2[-σ$8221].
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor TorsionCDgS2[α, -β, -γ].
** DefTensor: Defining
  symmetric Christoffel tensor ChristoffelCDgS2[α, -β, -γ].
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor RiemannDownCDgS2[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor
  RiemannCDgS2[-α, -β, -γ, λ]. Antisymmetric only in the first pair.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Ricci tensor RicciCDgS2[-α, -β].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Riemann automatically replaced by Ricci.
** DefTensor: Defining Ricci scalar RicciScalarCDgS2[.
** DefCovD: Contractions of Ricci automatically replaced by RicciScalar.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Einstein tensor EinsteinCDgS2[-α, -β].
** DefTensor: Defining Weyl tensor WeylCDgS2[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric TFRicci tensor TFRicciCDgS2[-α, -β].
** DefTensor: Defining Kretschmann scalar KretschmannCDgS2[.
** DefCovD: Computing RiemannToWeylRules for dim 4
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToEinsteinRules for dim 4
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density DetgS2[. Determinant.
** DefInertHead: Defining inert head ConformalFrame[gS2].
** DefInertHead: Defining inert head ConformalFrame[g].

```

Choosing color ■ for this conformal frame.

```

** DefTensor: Defining tensor s[.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric metric tensor gs2[-σ$8605, -σ$8606].
** DefTensor: Defining inverse metric tensor
  Invgs2[σ$8605, σ$8606]. Metric is frozen!
** DefTensor: Defining antisymmetric tensor epsilongs2[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric TetragS2[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining tetrametric TetragS2†[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefCovD: Defining covariant derivative CDgs2[-σ$8605].
** DefTensor: Defining vanishing torsion tensor TorsionCDgs2[α, -β, -γ].
** DefTensor: Defining
  symmetric Christoffel tensor ChristoffelCDgs2[α, -β, -γ].
** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor RiemannDownCDgs2[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].

```

```

** DefTensor: Defining Riemann tensor
RiemannCDgs2[-α, -β, -γ, λ]. Antisymmetric only in the first pair.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Ricci tensor RicciCDgs2[-α, -β].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Riemann automatically replaced by Ricci.
** DefTensor: Defining Ricci scalar RicciScalarCDgs2[].
** DefCovD: Contractions of Ricci automatically replaced by RicciScalar.
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric Einstein tensor EinsteinCDgs2[-α, -β].
** DefTensor: Defining Weyl tensor WeylCDgs2[-α, -β, -γ, -λ].
** DefTensor: Defining symmetric TFRicci tensor TFRicciCDgs2[-α, -β].
** DefTensor: Defining Kretschmann scalar KretschmannCDgs2[].
** DefCovD: Computing RiemannToWeylRules for dim 4
** DefCovD: Computing RicciToEinsteinRules for dim 4
** DefTensor: Defining weight +2 density Detgs2[]. Determinant.
** DefInertHead: Defining inert head ConformalFrame[gs2].

```

The conformal relations have been defined among these 3 metrics

In[22]:=

```

ConformalRules[g, gs2]
ConformalRules[g, gs2]
ConformalRules[gs2, gs2]

```

Out[22]=

$$\{ g_{--}^{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow \frac{gS2^{\alpha\beta}}{s^2}, g_{--}^{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow i gS2^{\alpha\beta} s^2, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \frac{\tilde{gS2}}{s^8} \}$$

Out[23]=

$$\{ g_{--}^{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow \frac{[g s^2]^{\alpha\beta}}{s^2}, g_{--}^{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow i [g s^2]^{\alpha\beta} s^2, \tilde{g} \rightarrow \frac{[g s^2]}{s^8} \}$$

Out[24]=

$$\{ gS2_{--}^{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow \frac{[g s^2]^{\alpha\beta} s^2}{s^2}, i gS2_{--}^{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow \frac{i [g s^2]^{\alpha\beta} s^2}{s^2}, gS2 \rightarrow \frac{[g s^2] s^8}{s^8} \}$$

## ConformalFrame inert head

ConformalFrame[metric][tensor[indices]] represents the transformation of tensor[indices] in a given conformal frame.



```
In[25]:=
? ConformalFrame
```

```
Out[25]=
```

Symbol

Formal scalar head `ConformalFrame[metric][expr]` which indicates that `expr` (which must be of the form `tens[inds]`) is in fact the transformation of that quantity from the ambient frame to the frame associated with `metric`. Hence if `metric` is the first metric `ConformalFrame[firstmetric][expr] = expr`.

```
In[26]:=
ConformalFrame[gS2][MT2[-α, -β]]
```

```
Out[26]=
[Mαβ]
```

The formatting depends on the global option `$FormatConformal` which can either be "Default" or "Color". The user chooses what he/she finds most convenient to read.

```
In[27]:=
$FormatConformal = "Default";
```

```
In[28]:=
ConformalFrame[gS2][MT2[-α, -β]]
```

```
Out[28]=
gS2[Mαβ]
```

```
In[29]:=
$FormatConformal = "Color";
```

```
In[30]:=
ConformalFrame[gS2][MT2[-α, -β]]
```

```
Out[30]=
[Mαβ]
```

## ToMetric

```
In[31]:=
? ToMetric
```

```
Out[31]=
```

Symbol

ToMetric[metric][expr] formulates 'expr' in terms of conformal frame 'metric', and its associated covariant derivative and curvature tensors. It is a passive transformation.

ToMetric[metric][expr] performs a passive transformation. It expressed a given expressions expr with tensors evaluated in a given frame metric.

```
In[32]:=
ToMetric[gS2][g[-μ, -ν]]
ToMetric[gS2][g[μ, ν]]
** DefTensor: Defining tensor ChristoffelCDCDgS2[α, -β, -γ].
** DefTensor: Defining tensor ChristoffelCDgs2CDgS2[α, -β, -γ].
```

```
Out[32]=
```

$$\frac{gS2_{\mu\nu}}{s^2}$$

```
Out[33]=
```

$$igS2^{\mu\nu} s^2$$

When applied on covariant derivatives it changes the derivative in which the expression is expressed

```
In[34]:=
ToMetric[gS2][CD[-μ][k[-ν]]] // NoScalar
```

```
Out[34]=
```

$$\nabla gS2_{\mu} [k_{\nu}] - \frac{gS2_{\mu\nu} igS2^{\alpha\beta} (\nabla gS2_{\beta} S) [k_{\alpha}]}{s} + \frac{(\nabla gS2_{\nu} S) [k_{\mu}]}{s} + \frac{(\nabla gS2_{\mu} S) [k_{\nu}]}{s}$$

When applied on curvature tensors it changes the curvature tensor in which the expression is expressed

```
In[35]:=
ToMetric[gS2][RicciCD[-μ, -ν]]
```

```
Out[35]=
```

$$R[\nabla gS2]_{\mu\nu} - \frac{3 gS2_{\mu\nu} (igS2^{\alpha\beta} (\nabla gS2_{\alpha} S) (\nabla gS2_{\beta} S))}{s^2} + \frac{gS2_{\mu\nu} (igS2^{\alpha\beta} (\nabla gS2_{\beta} \nabla gS2_{\alpha} S))}{s} + \frac{2 (\nabla gS2_{\nu} \nabla gS2_{\mu} S)}{s}$$

## ConformalTransformation

In[36]:= `? ConformalTransformation`

Out[36]=

### Symbol

`ConformalTransformation[metric1,metric2][expr]`

performs a conformal transformation. More precisely it is a Weyl transformation, but we call it conformal transformation as in appendix D of Wald's book on General Relativity (1984)).

The expression 'expr' is transformed actively from the frame 'metric1' to the frame 'metric2'. The two metrics 'metric1' and 'metric2' have to be conformally related by `DefConformalMetric`.

The Option `FinalFrame` is by default set to 'Automatic' and in that case all quantities in the result are expressed in the metric1 frame. The user can specify `FinalFrame->targetframe`, where `targetframe` is a metric name, to express the results in terms of quantities in the `targetframe` conformal frame.

It is an active transformation of an expression going from frame metric1 to frame metric2.

It uses `ToMetric[metric1]` to first express everything in terms of quantities in frame metric1, then it applies `ConformalFrame[metric2]` on the expression to actively change the expression.

The rules built by `RulesChangeConformalFrame[metric1,metric2]` then replace all metric related quantities by their value in frame metric2 (it is automatic).

Finally `ToMetric[finalframe]` is applied to the result. By default `finalframe = metric1`.

In[37]:= `ConformalTransformation[g, gs2][CD[μ][k[ν]]]`  
`** DefTensor: Defining tensor ChristoffelCDCDs2[α, -β, -γ].`

Out[37]=

$$\frac{g^{\mu\nu} (g^{\alpha\beta} k_{\alpha} \nabla_{\beta} S)}{S^5} + \frac{g^{\mu\beta} g^{\nu\alpha} \nabla_{\beta} k_{\alpha}}{S^4} - \frac{g^{\mu\beta} g^{\nu\alpha} k_{\alpha} \nabla_{\beta} S}{S^5} - \frac{g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta} k_{\alpha} \nabla_{\beta} S}{S^5}$$

```
In[38]:=
ConformalTransformation[g, gS2][RicciCD[μ, ν]]
```

$$\text{Out[38]=}$$

$$\frac{g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta} R[\nabla]_{\alpha\beta}}{s^4} - \frac{g^{\mu\nu} (g^{\alpha\beta} \nabla_\alpha s \nabla_\beta s)}{s^6} -$$

$$\frac{g^{\mu\nu} (g^{\alpha\beta} \nabla_\beta \nabla_\alpha s)}{s^5} + \frac{4 g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta} \nabla_\alpha s \nabla_\beta s}{s^6} - \frac{2 g^{\mu\alpha} g^{\nu\beta} \nabla_\beta \nabla_\alpha s}{s^5}$$

The result is then expressed by default in the frame metric1, but this can be modified by the option FinalFrame->metric-final.

If the metricfinal=metric2, then formally we have replaced all expressions in metric1 by their counterpart in the frame metric2 and the transformation is trivial

```
In[39]:=
ConformalTransformation[g, gS2, FinalFrame -> gS2][CD[μ][k[ν]]]
```

$$\text{Out[39]=}$$

$$igS2^{\mu\beta} igS2^{\nu\alpha} \nabla gS2_\beta[k_\alpha]$$

```
In[40]:=
ConformalTransformation[g, gS2, FinalFrame -> gS2][RicciCD[μ, ν]]
```

$$\text{Out[40]=}$$

$$igS2^{\mu\alpha} igS2^{\nu\beta} R[\nabla gS2]_{\alpha\beta}$$

## Simple examples

We can check that the Weyl tensor is invariant.

```
In[41]:=
ConformalTransformation[g, gS2][WeylCD[-μ, -ν, -α, β]]
% // RiemannToWeyl // ContractMetric // ToCanonical
```

$$\text{Out[41]=}$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \delta^\beta_\nu R[\nabla]_{\alpha\mu} + \frac{1}{2} \delta^\beta_\mu R[\nabla]_{\alpha\nu} + \frac{1}{2} g_{\alpha\nu} g^{\beta\gamma} R[\nabla]_{\mu\gamma} -$$

$$\frac{1}{2} g_{\alpha\mu} g^{\beta\gamma} R[\nabla]_{\nu\gamma} + \frac{1}{6} \delta^\beta_\nu g_{\alpha\mu} R[\nabla] - \frac{1}{6} \delta^\beta_\mu g_{\alpha\nu} R[\nabla] + g^{\beta\gamma} g_{\nu\lambda} R[\nabla]_{\alpha\gamma\mu}{}^\lambda$$

$$\text{Out[42]=}$$

$$w[\nabla]_{\alpha}{}^\beta{}_{\mu\nu}$$

## Summary of public functions and variables

In[43]:=

**? xAct`xConf` \***

Out[43]=

▼ **xAct`xConf`**

<b>ConformalFrame</b>	<b>DefConformalMetric</b>	<b>RulesChangeConformalFrame</b>	<b>\$Debug</b>
<b>ConformalMetricName</b>	<b>Disclaimer</b>	<b>SqrtConformalFactor</b>	<b>\$FormatConformal</b>
<b>ConformalTransformation</b>	<b>FinalFrame</b>	<b>TensorNotMetricRelated</b>	<b>\$Version</b>
<b>ConformalWeight</b>	<b>FrameColor</b>	<b>ToMetric</b>	<b>\$xTensorVersionExpected</b>